

中国は、より積極的な政策や施策を採用することにより、約束草案で示した貢献の拡大を図る。2030年までにCO2排出量のピークアウトを、2060年までにカーボンニュートラルを実現する。

2020年9月

第75回国連総会の一般討論における

習近平国家主席の演説から抜粋

地域社会全体が香港の大規模な脱炭素化の推進を期待している…香港特別行政区は2050年までにカーボンニュートラルを達成すべく努力する。そのために香港政府は、CO2排出量の削減に向けたより積極的な戦略や施策を打ち出していく。

2020年11月 施政方針演説

林鄭月娥(キャリー・ラム)行政長官、 2020年施政方針演説で 香港のカーボンニュートラル目標を発表



Waste Blueprint for Hong Kong 2035 Summary











Resources Circulation



Zero Landfill





By implementing charging for disposal of MSW, to gradually reduce the per capita MSW disposal by 40-45% and increase the recovery rate to about



2 Long-term Target By developing adequate waste-tomove away from the reliance on landfills



2021年2月

港資源リサイクル 計画2035



To achieve the vision of "Waste Reduction . Resources Circulation . Zero Landfi we will take forward our actions under the following six major areas:









Circulation







電動車普及化



Summary of Roadmap on Popularisation of Electric Vehicles

Zero Carbon Emissions • Clean Air • Smart City

Green and Decarbonisation • Innovation and Cooperation

Multi-pronged approach to create conducive environment for popularisation of EVs

Task Force

First Registration Tax

FRT concessions and One-for-

One Replacement Scheme for

e-private cars. Accumulated concessions exceeding \$7.4 billion in 6 years since 2015

Lower Vehicle Licence Fees

Licence fees for e-private cars

Free EV charging services at government car parks

Full FRT waiver and profits tax

Supporting Technological

deduction for e-commercial

\$1.1 billion New Energy

Charging Facilities

NEW BUILDINGS: Must install charging infrastructure to apply for gross

been approved

EXISTING BUILDINGS: \$2 billion EV-charging

at Home Subsidy Scheme

open for application since end-2020 which is expected to

infrastructure for more than

60 000 parking spaces in

existing private residentia

subsidise installation of charging

Public Charging Network NEW BUILDINGS: Install EV medium chargers at

30% of parking spaces at new

Allocated \$120 million to add 1 000+ medium chargers at government car parks by 2022

government buildings

EXISTING CAR PARKS:

Transport Fund to subsidise

trials and application of green transport technologies

floor area concessions for car parks starting from 2011. 68 000 parking spaces have

AT HOWE SCHOOL

Free Charging

Tax Concessions

(FRT) Concessions

Examine high-end development of new decarbonisation technologies globally, including new energy vehicles and fuel technology such as hydrogen

Green Tech Fund \$200 million Green Tech

Fund to fund R&D of green technologies including EV

Smart City

Make good use of development in technologies including Internet of Things, big data and artificial intelligence

Continue to promote the adoption of autonomous driving and technologies in smart

Collaboration

Seize apportunities to be brought about by the EV technological development in Greater Bay Area

Electric Private Cars

No new registration of fuel-propelled private cars including hybrid vehicles in 2035 or earlier

Tax Concessions

Increased the FRT concession cap under One-for-One Replacement Scheme for e-private cars to \$287,500

Extended FRT concessions and Onefor-One Replacement Scheme to

Government Taking the Lead

EV as standard for government small and medium private cars to be procured or replaced

Public Organisations

Encourage public organisations to make reference to the government's new green procurement policy for vehicles

Electric Commercial Vehicles

> Dedicated Trials Promoting trials for electric public transport and commercial vehicles proactively, with a view to setting a more concrete way forward and timetable around 2025

Single-deck Bus \$180 million trial for single-deck e-buses to put into service progressively to test the operational performance

Double-decker

Trials for double-deckers and other types of buses under New Energy Transport Fund

Public Light Bus \$80 million trial for e-public light

Goods Vehicle Trial for available medium goods vehicles

Charging Network

Private Charging Facilities

≥150000

With the encouragement and incentive measures, we expect more private commercial or residential parking spaces to be equipped with charging

Examine requiring parking spaces in new private buildings to be equipped with charging infrastructure

Public Charging Facilities

≥5000 (Plan to double in the future)

Public Transport

Designate charging bays for public transport at public transport interchanges of new development areas

Quick Charging Facilities

Identify sites for a territory-wide quick charging network, including exploring the feasibility to convert petrol and LPG filling stations to charging stations

with a view development in the long run

Travelling to the Mainland Study proposals to facilitate EV charging in

Maintenance Services

Post-secondary Training Work closely with post-secondary

institutions to provide sufficient training, re-training and education opportunities

Collaboration with the Trade

Strengthen communication with the trade and facilitate cooperation between EV suppliers and local institutes to offer additional education



Battery Recycling

Eco-responsibility

Strive to legislate a Producer Responsibility Scheme for retired EV batteries in the next few years

Green Technologies

Cover second life applications of EV batteries in the priority themes under the Green Tech Fund



Target





Zero Vehicular Emissions

Act in concert with Hong Kong's target to achieve carbon neutrality before 2050

2021年3月 学老電気自動車(EV)



Summary of the Clean Air Plan for Hong Kong 2035











Be come a liveable 2035 city with air quality on par with major



Air quality to fully meet the ultimate targets under the Air Quality Guidelines of the

Areas Action

Green Transport

EV Roadmap Take forward

measures set forth in the Hong Kong Roadmap on Popularisation of Electric Vehicles to attain zero vehicula emissions before 2050



Green Transport Network Expand railway network to meet development needs; and implement Free-flow Tolling System at government toll tunnels and Tsing Sha Control Area hybrid ferries, and explore with ferry operators to progressively adopt new energy femes by 2035





Environmentally Friendly

New Development Areas

Adopt environmentally friendly transport mode in new development



Liveable Environment

City Planning Pedestrian-friendly and bicycle-friendly policie



Update professional practice notes to enhance air quality at public transport interchanges



Health Information Update Air Quality Health Index



Embark on a research for the long term health impact of air pollution on the Hong Kong population





Comprehensive **Emissions Reduction**

Vehicular Emissions Continue phasing out old diesel commercial vehicles



Subsidise franchised hus companies to conduct trials for emission reduction devices



Vessel Emissions Explore to further tighten the

sulphur content limit of locally supplie marine fuels to 0.001%, and impose emission standards for new petrol-powered outboard engines



Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)

Tighten the VOC content limits of architectural paints before 2024 and extend the control to cleaning



Clean Energy

Power Plant

New low-carbon electricity generation strategy under Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan





Continue to formulate Technical Memorandums to tighten emission limits of power plants under the new low-carbon electricity generation strategy



Green Energy

Inter-departmental workin to handle the work relating to the application of hydrogen energy in Hong Kong

2021年6月 **港ク**リーンエア

計画2035



Explore means to take forward the use of liquefied natural gas (LNG) in ocean-going vessels, and formulate technical requirements and related safety regulations and specifications for LNG bunkering



in the next few years

Scientific Management

Information Dissemination

Develop a smart air quality monitoring system with integration of the Internet of Things, artificial intelligence, sensors and numerical models to provide more detailed district-based air quality



Monitoring

air quality

identify pollution

Adopt innovative instruments to monitor pollutants in real time



monitor ambient and





Regional Collaboration

Regional Targets

Formulate regional emissions reduction targets for 2025 and 2030 with the Guangdong Province



Knowledge Exchange

Encourage exchanges among academics and talents in the Greater Bay Area to enhance technical standards



Regional Monitoring and Analysis

Set up 5 monitoring sites for 3D air quality monitoring with





research to better understand ozone characteristics and formation



私が議長を務める気候変動とカーボンニュート ラルに関する運営委員会が、全体の戦略を策 定し、各活動の調整を監督する。環境長官が まもなく発表する香港気候行動計画2050では、 カーボンニュートラルの達成に向けCO2排出量 を削減するためのより積極的な戦略や施策を 打ち出す…

林鄭月娥(キャリー・ラム)行政長官

2021年10月 施政方針演説

..... そして2035年までに香港のCO2排出量を2005年のレベルから50%削減するため、さらに精力的な脱炭素の中間目標を追求する。これらすべての活動が効果的に実施されているかを監督すべく、環境局は気候変動とカーボンニュートラルに関する運営委員会を設置し、連携強化を図り大規模な脱炭素化を推進する。

2021年10月 施政方針演説

林鄭月娥(キャリー・ラム)行政長官



Summary of Hong Kong's Climate Action Plan 2050



Pros

Vision — Zero-carbon Emissions • Liveable City • Sustainable Development

Strategies • Opportunities

Moving towards carbon neutrality can bring ample and diverse development opportunities, enhance Hong Kong's competitiveness and support sustainable development and Carbon Neutrality

Set up a new office to

strenghten coordination and

promote decarbonisation

Technology and Innovation

Promote I&T development

and re-industrial isation,

facilitate the application of

logies and green R&D

Steering and Coord ination Climate Budget The Steering Committee Allocate ~ \$240 billion

on Climate Change and to combat climate change Carbon Neutrality under the chairmanship of the in the next 15 to 20 years. Chief Executive to formulate the overall strategy

Green Finance

Accelerate the development
Facilitate the development of green and sustainable of green industries, create finance, develop Hong Kong into a green financial hub in the region

nergy Saving and Green Buildings About 2.1 billion kWh of electricity was saved in 2020 as compared with 2015 (-4.7%)

In the first half of 2021, one out of every five newly registered private cars is EV

Adaptation and Resilience

Strengthening Infrastructure

- Study on resilience of Government critical infrastructure in Hong Kong
- under extreme weather Sensitivity test under direct hit by
- Frequency analysis of extreme sea

Tropical Cyclones Projection of extreme winds Extreme Temperatures

Study on potential impacts on Government infrastructure under extreme temperatures

Eliminated 127 flooding blackspots. nprovement works for the remaining 4 blackspots will be completed in

Inter-departmental Steering Committee chaired by the Chief Secretary for Administration to handle natural disasters of a substantial scale

Update contingency plans to handle emergency situations at major transport infrastructure

Disseminate messages to mobile users during emergency situations to remind the public to adopt contingency measures

Over the past decade, the Government has allocated over \$47 billion to implement various carbon reduction measures. The two power companies have also allocated about \$39 billion decarbonisation projects

Reduce the share of coal in the fuel mix for electricity generation from around half in 2015 to less than a

In 2019, electricity generation accounted for about 66% of total Decarbonisation comes at a price. Buildings account for about 90% of Hong Kong's total electricity consumption. Promoting energy conservation

carbon emissions. Hong Kong will gradually reduce the use of fossil fuel and expedite the use of clean zero-carbon energy

Green Economy

Net-zero Electricity Generation • Energy Saving and Green Buildings

investment and job



generation, to be replaced by low to

2035 60 - 70% Trial of new energy and closer cooperation with neighbouring areas to increase the supply of

zero-carbon electricity Renewable Energy (RE) Cooperation and Innovation

Seek investment and development 2035 7.5 - 10% opportunities, participate in and

(Increase to 15% subsequently) projects near Hong Kong Public and private sectors to develop RF proactively to increase its share in the fuel mix for electricity generation

and improving energy efficiency can help reduce the cost of transformation Electricity Saving in Buildings

Advisory Committee

young people

Capacity Building

Establish a dedicated

advisory committee to

encourage public participation, including

Climate change-related

into the curricula of

Public Engagement

low-carbon lifestyle

Carbon-neutral

Government to work

together with different

sectors to promote

Develop strategic growth

areas into carbon-neutral

(Reduce by 20-30%

Electricity consumption (Compared (Reduce by 30-40%)

Strengthening Regulation Smart Management Continuous enhancement of energy Use smart technologies to enhance energy saving management and energy performance of buildings . Expand the scope of regulation to

cover all buildings with high energy efficiency of buildings consumption

2021年10月 気候行動計画2050

Green Transport

Transport constituted about 18% of total carbon emissions in 2019, Popularisation of EVs and other new energy transport can help the transport sector achieve zero carbon emissions

Clean Air Plan for Hong Kong 2035 Hong Kong Roadmap on Popularisation of Electric Vehicle



Implement strategies in the Clean Air Plan to measures set forth promote adoption of in the EV Roadmap new energy transport to expedite low-carbon

Take to attain zero



buses and heavy

Test out hydrogen Cease the new Progressively adopt fuel cell electric registration of new energy ferries fuel-propelled and hybrid private cars in 2035 or earlier





Waste Reduction

Waste accounted for about 7% of total carbon emissions in 2019. Developing waste-to-energy facilities and promoting waste reduction and recycling will enable us to move away from reliance on landfills for municipal waste disposal Waste Charging

Waste Blueprint for Hong Kong 2035



Implement the Waste Blueprint for Hong Kong 2035 to real ise the vision of "Waste Reduction • Resources Circulation . Zero Landfill'

Prepare for implementation of waste charging. ion and recycling, and facilities and support

Plastic Tableware



Regulate disposable plastic tableware, etc. plastic at source

energy

Develop adequate wasteto-energy facilities, move landfills for municipal waste disposal









Review every five years In line with the spirit of the Paris Agreement, review decarbonisation strategies and targets about every five years

戦略・チャンス

戦略・チャンス

カーボンニュートラルへ向けて進むことが、多種多様で豊富なチャンスをもたらし 香港の競争力を高めて、持続可能な発展を支える

運営と調整

行政長官を議長とする気 候変動とカーボンニュート ラルに関する運営委員会 が全体の戦略を策定

気候変動関連予算

今後15年~20年間で気候 変動対策に2.400億香港ドル オフィスを新設して連携を を割り当て

気候変動・カーボン ニュートラルオフィス

強化し、脱炭素化を推進

諮問委員会

専門の諮問委員会を設立 し、若年層を含む市民の 参画を促進

市民の関与

政府はさまざまな部門と 協力し、低炭素型ライフ スタイルを推進

グリーンファイナンス

グリーンおよびサステナ ブルファイナンスの成長を 加速し、香港を地域のグ リーンファイナンスハブと して発展させる

グリーン経済

グリーン産業の発展を促 進し、投資や雇用の機会 を創出

技術革新

I&Tの発展と再工業化を 推進し、脱炭素技術やグ リーンR&Dの応用を促進

能力構築

高等教育機関のカリキュ ラムに、気候変動に関す る内容を導入

カーボンニュートラルな コミュニティ

戦略的成長地域をカーボ ンニュートラルなコミュニ ティへと発展させる

香港政府は今後15~20年間で気候変動に 関するさまざまな緩和策や適応策に

2.400億香港ドル (約3.5兆円)を投じる

ネットゼロ発電・省エネ・グリーンビルディング

2019年におけるCO2総排出量の約66%が発電によるもの。香港は化石 燃料の利用を徐々に減らし、クリーンなゼロカーボンエネルギーの利用 を促進

石炭を使わない発電



日常的な発電における石炭使用を止 め、低炭素もしくはゼロカーボンエネ ルギーに置き換え

再生可能エネルギー(RE)



²⁰³⁵ 7.5 - 10 %

(のちに15%に増加)

官民両セクターでREを積極的に開発 し、発電における燃料混合のRE比率 を増加

ゼロカーボンエネルギー

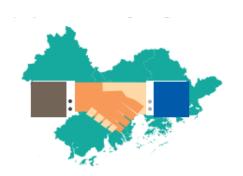


2035 60 - 70%

ゼロカーボンエネルギーの供給量増 加に向け、新エネルギーの試用およ び近隣地域との連携強化

連携とイノベーション

投資や発展の機会を追求し、香港近 隣のゼロカーボンエネルギープロジェ クトに参画・運営



脱炭素にはコストが伴う。香港の電力総消費量の約90%がビルによるも の。省エネルギーを推進し、エネルギー効率を向上することで、脱炭素 への転換に伴うコストの軽減が可能

建物での省電力



雷力消費量 (2015年比)



住宅 10-15%

(のちに20-30%の削減)

規制の強化

継続的な建物のエネルギー効率化

- エネルギー消費の高い建物すべてを 網羅すべく規制の対象範囲を拡大
- エネルギー監査の実施頻度を高める
- 特定したエネルギー管理機会を実行
- ・レトロコミッショニングの推進を徹底

特定の機器に対して最低エネルギー 効率基準の設定を検討

スマート管理

スマート技術を駆使した省エネ 管理の充実および建物・インフ ラのエネルギー効率化

開発プロジェクトに地域冷房 システムを採用

グリーン輸送・廃棄物削減

香港クリーンエア計画2035 香港電気自動車(EV)普及ロードマップ



クリーンエア計画 の戦略を実施し、 新エネルギー輸送 の採用を促すこと で低炭素化を促進

2050

EVロードマップに示した措置を推進し、2050年までに 車両排ガスゼロを 達成





水素燃料電池 自動車



水素燃料電池を搭載 したバスや大型車両 の試験導入

電動 白家用車



2035年もしくはそれ以前にガソリン自家用車やハイブリッド自家用車の新規車両登録を停止

新エネルギー 輸送



新エネルギーフェリー を段階的に導入



廃棄物削減

2019年におけるCO2総排出量の約7%が廃棄物によるもの。廃棄物発電施設の開発、廃棄物削減とリサイクルの推進により、都市ごみ処理の埋め立てへの依存から脱却することが可能に

香港資源リサイクル計画2035



香港資源リサイクル計画2035の実行により「廃棄物削減・資源循環・埋め立てゼロ」のビジョンを実現



都市固形ごみ有料化



ごみ処理有料化に向けた 準備を進め、ごみ削減と リサイクルの奨励、公共 施設の充実やサポート強 化を図る

使い捨てプラスチック食器 の規制



使い捨てプラスチック食 器などの使用を段階的に 規制し、発生源からプラス チックの使用を削減

廃棄物 発**電**



十分な廃棄物発電施設を 開発、都市ごみ処理について埋め立てへの依存から脱却

戦略・チャンス



グリーンファイナンス

アジアのグリーンファイナンスハブとして 香港を発展させる

グリーン経済

グリーン産業の育成、 投資や雇用の機会を創出

テクノロジー

脱炭素技術、イノベーション、 グリーンR&Dを推進

能力構築

気候変動に関する内容を 高等教育機関のカリキュラムに導入

カーボンニュートラルな

コミュニティ

戦略的成長地域をカーボンニュートラルなコミュニティへと発展させる

ゼロカーボン・住みやすい都市・持続可能な発展

